



Hazard Recognition

2018

What is a Hazard?

- ▶ A hazard is a situation that poses a level of threat to life, health, property, or environment. Most hazards are dormant or potential, with only a theoretical risk of harm; however, once a hazard becomes "active", it can create an emergency. A hazardous situation that has come to pass is called an incident. Hazard and possibility interact together to create risk.

Six General Categories of Hazards

- ▶ Physical (Noise, Vibration and Temperature)
- ▶ Chemical (Acids, Caustic, Lubricants and Lead)
- ▶ Ergonomic (Work Area Design, Equipment Design and Lighting)
- ▶ Radiation (Welding, Sun and Metal Detector)
- ▶ Biological (Bloodborne Pathogens, Salmonella and Listeria)
- ▶ Psychological (Work Load, Shift Arrangement and Workplace Bullying)

Hazard Identification

- ▶ How well you can identify a hazard will determine what your personal safety record will be?
- ▶ If you can't identify a hazard it will be difficult to stay incident and injury free.
- ▶ Hazards are a part of everyday life and the most successful employees can identify the hazard and:
 - ▶ Eliminate it
 - ▶ Avoid it
 - ▶ Warn Others

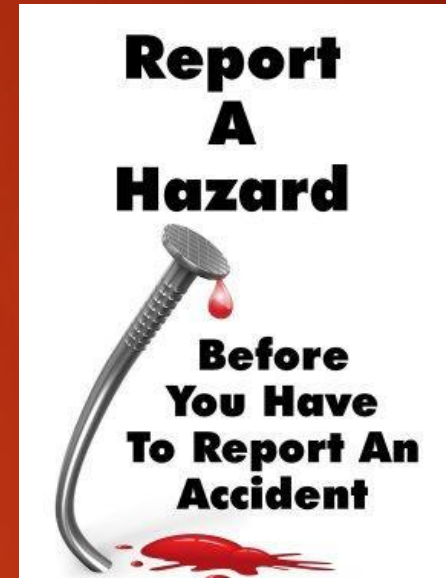
“It’s Not My Job”

1 in 6 Wouldn't report a hazard if they saw one



Why Report a Hazard?

- ▶ So you are not injured.
- ▶ So others are not injured.
- ▶ It is the ethical thing to do.
- ▶ So it can be eliminated.
- ▶ To stay compliant.
- ▶ To ensure you go home the same, or better than when you arrived.



Is This a Hazard?



Is This a Hazard?



Near Miss Forms



What is Integrity?

- ▶ It means doing the right thing even when no one is watching you.



Identified Hazards

Ogden Plant



Candy toppings
on floor in Dough
Area.

Identified Hazards

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Cookie Packaging (Clam Shells) on the floor cause a slip, trip and fall hazard.

Identified Hazards

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Product on
the floor causes
a Slip, Trip and Fall
Hazard.

Identified Hazards

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Cookie Dough by Floor Drains causes a Slip, Trip and Fall Hazard.

Identified Hazards

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Dough causes
A Slip, Trip and Fall
Hazard.

Identified Hazards

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Plastic, not completely removed, from product, causes a Slip, Trip and Fall Hazard.

Identified Hazards

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Cookie Sprinkles cause a Slip and Fall Hazard.

Identified Hazards

Ogden Plant



Cookie Sprinkles cause
a Slip and Fall Hazard.

Identified Hazards

Ogden Plant



Cookie Sprinkles cause
a Slip and Fall Hazard.

Identified Hazards

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Standing water on Floors causes a Slip, Trip and Fall Hazard.

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Wood from broken pallets causes a Slip, Trip and Fall Hazard.

Identified Hazards

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Electrical Cords cause
Slip, Trip and Fall Hazards.

Identified Hazards

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Waffle Product and
Pouches cause
Slip and Fall Hazards.

Identified Hazards

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Waffles on the floor cause Slip, Trip and Fall Hazards.

Identified Hazards

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Water on floors cause
Slip and Fall Hazards.

Identified Hazards

Ogden Plant



Waffle Packaging
and Product cause
Slip, Trip and Fall Hazards.

Identified Hazards

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Sanitation Gear thrown
on the floor causes Slip,
Trip and Fall Hazards.

Identified Hazards

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Cords stretched across the floor cause Slip, Trip and Fall Hazards.

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Frosting on Dairy Tile
Floor causes Slip,
and Fall Hazards.

Identified Hazards

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Empty Glove Box,
on the floor, next to
the garbage can, could
cause a Slip, Trip and
Fall Hazard.

Identified Hazards

Ogden Plant



Snow and ice in the
Parking Lots cause
Slip and Fall Hazards.

What Can Employees do to avoid Slip, Trip and Fall Injuries?

- ▶ Wear your company supplied safety shoes.
 - ▶ Steel Toe or Composite Toe
 - ▶ Slip rating of a 4, or greater
- ▶ Keep the soles of your safety shoes clean of debris.
- ▶ Shoe wash stations are located in the Sanitation Wash Down Bays.
- ▶ When performing Sanitation Work, wear Sanitation Boots.
- ▶ If your shoes do not wear well, ie. Holes, come apart, etc. notify Jerine.
- ▶ If you have safety shoes that have shoe laces keep them tied.

What Can Employees do to avoid Slip, Trip and Fall Injuries?

- ▶ Practice Good Housekeeping
 - ▶ Keep debris picked up
 - ▶ Keep packaging and product off the floor
 - ▶ Keep tools off the floor
 - ▶ Keep water off the floor
 - ▶ Keep your Sanitation Gear cleaned up
- ▶ Imagine how you would feel if your work station had poor housekeeping and it caused another employee to fall and break their ankle.

What Can Employees do to avoid Slip, Trip and Fall Injuries?

- ▶ Use the available hazard warning tools
 - ▶ If you are mopping the floor, post wet floor signs and use a barricade permit.
 - ▶ If you are using a water hose, post a hazard sign.
 - ▶ During change-overs post warning signs.
 - ▶ If a floor drain is backed up post caution tape. (Maintenance and Safety have caution tape)



What Can Employees do to avoid Slip, Trip and Fall Injuries?

- ▶ During Winter Months be cautious in Parking Lots
 - ▶ Try to park in areas that have less snow and ice.
 - ▶ When stepping out of your vehicle keep both hands on the door until you get your footing.
 - ▶ Do NOT TAKE SHORTCUTS!!!
 - ▶ Do NOT WALK DOWN THE MIDDLE OF THE ROAD!!!
 - ▶ Wear shoes that have good traction.
 - ▶ Avoid vehicle ramps.
 - ▶ Park in the Lofthouse Lot.
 - ▶ Walk like a duck. (take small steps)



What Can Employees do to avoid Slip, Trip and Fall Injuries?

▶ Keep Your Eyes on Path

- ▶ Don't walk and text.
- ▶ Don't walk and carry an object that blocks your view.
- ▶ Pay attention to the floor you are walking on.
- ▶ Avoid water and areas with debris.
- ▶ Do not step directly on floor drain covers.
- ▶ Do not step on broken boards from pallets.
- ▶ Pay attention to painted areas on the floor.
- ▶ Watch for speed bumps.



What Can Employees do to avoid Slip, Trip and Fall Injuries?

- ▶ Do NOT Run for any reason
 - ▶ Do not run to catch waffles or cookies.
 - ▶ Do not run to turn a machine off.
 - ▶ Do not run to grab a tool.
 - ▶ Do not run to go to break or lunch.
 - ▶ Do not run during an evacuation.
 - ▶ Do not run outside on ice, snow and slush.
 - ▶ Do not dart, or run, in front of a forklift.
 - ▶ Do not dart, or run, in front of a moving pallet jack.

What Can Employees do to avoid Slip, Trip and Fall Injuries?

- ▶ Use 3 Point Rule on stairs and ladders
 - ▶ Always have 3 points on contact on stairs and ladders.
 - ▶ Do not run up, or down, stairs.
 - ▶ Only one person on a ladder at a time.
 - ▶ Do not take stairs two at a time.
 - ▶ All stairs have handrails, use them.



Past Slip, Trip and Fall Injuries

- ▶ Broken wrist: Fell on ice in Parking Lot.
- ▶ Broken lower leg: Fell when taking a short cut in Parking Lot.
- ▶ Broken elbow: Fell on clamshell in Production Area.
- ▶ Back injury: Fell on wet floor in Cookie Lunch Room.
- ▶ Back Injury: Fell while trying to stop waffles from falling off conveyor.
- ▶ Torn Rotator Cuff: Fell at Employee Entrance on slush and snow.
- ▶ Sprained Knee: Fell after getting out of truck.
- ▶ Strained Knee: Slipped and fell after stepping on clamshell.
- ▶ Knee Contusion: Tripped on a water hose.
- ▶ Broken nose: Fell on ice and slush in Parking Lot.

QUESTIONS????

